

## **PUBLISHING NOTES**

### **Letter from the Editor**

It is interesting that universities feel their arguments around globalization. For Latin American universities and society in general, is pedagogical, when addressing this problem remain unresolved injustice, poverty and inequality, but so is its temper: The problem of science and technology is not focused doing science and technology but creating bureaucracy: a Ministry of Science and Technology, and something alike. They have not solved the first module of the notion of a cell phone but prosperously support a Ministry of Information and Communications Technology. Temporarily very difficult to understand if we add the same planning criteria, a Plan is performed partially is met but the next development plan is more ambitious, ending in formulating development plans with a high rate of default. Science and technology are more complex every day and our responses are increasingly disoriented. There is a global reality that very little study what is learned by foreigners to obtain great advantages in negotiations. Globalization is a reality that should not doubt its existence or the possibility of being taken to it. Each Latin American country has sufficient economic strength to withstand a pulse to the United States or Europe and many Asian countries, however, continue to insist on business alone as FTAs.

Every time you sit or negotiated feel there is a lion with a lamb discussing that will be dinner. There is no sense to declare friend or foe of globalization, but if you are to maintain a critical dialogue with our neighbors to enable true integration. We permanently repair history which unites us and study each other to know what actually our competitive advantages and once chosen to share in a whole, knowing that the benefit is not the same: some will win, in other will be lost and in many will remain invincible.

As Latin American community how we fit into the globalized world? So today was naively by marketing to shocks in supply and demand, or getting pulled by slogans of freedom and ultimately to believe us equal. The best way to enter the globalized world is planning international market laws: we produce offer cheaper, better quality or comparative advantage and demand what we offer cheaper and of good quality and that meets our needs. The first instance is cooling and then a dialogue with global realities.

To make globalization successful in modernization is essential: four lanes highways, international airports, highly mobility ports, art communications technology and education.

On this last point plays an important role as a center college discussion, ideology and pragmatic. With neoliberal policies it claims we must direct economic

citizenship, that is, all market-driven society that demands an educated but educated to produce. The conception of a university focused on leadership to think that the media are above purposes, it makes sense of ethics, is alien to globalization.

A great importance phenomenon, to call it somehow, globalization has been the universality of human rights. No corner of the world where people, organizations or governments to escape the watchful eye of those who have taken the role of defending these rights. Whether or not the procedure of your choice, we cannot deny that their intervention has served to moderate the acts against humanity. Perhaps not decreased but neither has been, at least, in the light of day progress is promising.

Globalization has also helped countries with weak cultures succumb to the advancement of other most widespread: the music, dress and language mainly. They have also succumbed in economic management and policy approaches. Organizations such as the European Union member countries did dispense with monetary sovereignty and consequently the budget management of its resources and its funds.

No known political debates because of ideology. Economists became politicians and economists became politicians, some had to hook you up with the property and the other to the bench. Opinion is divided between those who accept such impositions-servile or of those who reject so wild.

Thousands of years to achieve a nationality that overflows a fiftieth hundreds of years to achieve a national economy that is dissolved in a few months, free trade agreements, its conclusions resemble the dialogue.

The fact is that world trade is deserved, it is necessary for countries to specialize in producing a competitive advantage. Economists only become robust, nor related to each other, first nationally, then globally.

The university plays a major role but not as the product of minds that need this new power if not to be preserved as a knowledge community. Every thought, every theory, any analysis must take place in it that its horizon is the knowledge of these loyal and committed to their society. The university should be universal, is an old claim, designed from the foundation of the world. The university should be academic and therefore deemed unfavorable business that seeks to impose its criteria: a place where man is another client. We are academy because that is the will of our nature and that has been for a thousand years our mandate.

It is the duty of the university to help add to society in a modern world, this requires the teaching of the humanities and ethics learning. The university should

strive to remain free and independent and we must fight against the impositions trying to become political agents or its unofficial messengers.

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